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8	UNITED STATES I		
9	WESTERN DISTRICT AT SEA	OF WASHINGTON	
10	ATSEA		
11	GREY GHOST PRECISION, LLC, a Washington Limited Liability Company,	Case No. 2:17-cv-1384	
12		COMPLAINT	
13	Plaintiff,		
14	V.		
15	GHOST, INC., a Florida Corporation; and DOES 1-5,		
16 17	Defendants.		
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Plaintiff GREY GHOST PRECISION, LLC, ("Plaintiff" or "Grey Ghost") alleges as follows:

#### INTRODUCTION

- 1. Plaintiff Grey Ghost seeks declaratory judgment of non-infringement of alleged trademark rights asserted against Plaintiff by Defendant Ghost, Inc. ("Ghost" or "Defendant"). Plaintiff further seeks declaratory judgment that the alleged trademark rights asserted by Defendant are invalid and unenforceable.
- 2. Defendant has initiated a Petition for Cancellation of Plaintiff's GREY GHOST PRECISION trademark registration and has asserted that Plaintiff is infringing on Defendant's alleged trademarks by manufacturing and selling rifles using the mark at issue. Plaintiff denies that it has infringed any trademarks owned by Defendant. Plaintiff further asserts that Defendant's alleged trademarks are invalid due to fraud and abandonment.

## **PARTIES**

- 3. Plaintiff Grey Ghost is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Washington, with its principal place of business located in Lakewood, Washington.
- 4. Defendant is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Florida, with its principal place of business located in Miami, Florida.

# JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. This is an action for declaratory judgment arising under (i) the Trademark Laws of the United States, 15 USC § 1051 et seq. (the "Trademark Act"); (ii) 15 U.S.C. §1125, et seq. (the "Lanham Act"); and (iii) 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202 (the Declaratory Judgment Act). Thus, this Court has original jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338.
- 6. Defendant is also subject to the personal jurisdiction of this court because it sells the products at issue in western Washington state and therefore has

sufficient minimum contacts to subject it to personal jurisdiction in the Western District. In addition, its false assertions of infringement of alleged trademarks were directed to the Plaintiff in the State of Washington.

7. Venue of this action is proper in the Western District of Washington under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1) and (2) because Defendant is subject to the personal jurisdiction of this Court in this Judicial District and thus qualifies as a resident of this Judicial District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c)(2). In addition, a substantial part of the events giving rise to Plaintiff's claims has occurred and will continue to occur in the Western District of Washington.

#### **FACTS**

- 8. Grey Ghost is a manufacturer and seller of rifles and accessories. Its products include rifles, "uppers," "lowers," and "slides." It markets and sells its products through its website http://www.greyghostprecision.com/, and several brick-and-mortar locations.
- 9. Grey Ghost began using the mark Grey Ghost Precision commercially on or before February 17, 2014. Since then, Grey Ghost has consistently used this mark in marketing its products.
- 10. Grey Ghost applied for Trademark protection on July 19, 2014, and obtained Trademark Registration Number 4703186 on March 17, 2015.
- 11. At no time did Plaintiff know of, or attempt to benefit from the reputation of any of Defendant's marks.
- 12. Defendant's products include component parts for guns, holsters, firearm sights, and gun parts. It markets and sells its products through online retail stores and wholesale distributorships. Defendant does not manufacture or sell rifles or parts of rifles, uppers, or slides.
- 13. Defendant is the Registrant/Applicant of various marks including the word "ghost" that it uses on the firearms parts and accessories it markets and sells.
  - 14. None of Defendant's registered marks are for rifles or companies that

manufacture or sell rifles.

- 15. None of Defendant's marks include the words "grey" or "precision," in any order.
- 16. The only commonality between Plaintiff's mark and Defendant's marks is the word "ghost."
- 17. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant's marks are not widely recognized by the consuming public as an indication of origin of Defendant's goods.
- 18. The use of the word "ghost" is not uncommon in the firearms industry. For example, the term "ghost gun" refers to an untraceable firearm without a serial number. See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ghost\_gun. It is used by police, gun control advocates, gun rights advocates, and others. See, e.g., https://www.wired.com/2015/06/i-made-an-untraceable-ar-15-ghost-gun/; http://abc7news.com/news/walnut-creek-police-say-ghost-gun-used-in-murder-
- suicide/903250/; http://www.sfgate.com/bayarea/article/Cops-Walnut-Creek-murder-suicide-suspect-used-6424702.php; and
  - http://channel.nationalgeographic.com/underworld-inc/episodes/ghost-guns/.
    - 19. The term "ghost" is used in connection with at least one military tactical shooter video game series, "Tom Clancy's Ghost Recon." See, e.g., http://ghostrecon.wikia.com/wiki/Tom\_Clancy%27s\_Ghost\_Recon (Game). Notably, Plaintiff builds the gear that is used as models by the makers of this game.
    - 20. The term "ghost" is also used in products that facilitate the conversion of a firearm into a "ghost gun," such as lower receivers or receiver kits. See, e.g. https://ghostgunner.net/market; https://aeroprecisionusa.com/ar15-stripped-lower-ghost.html; https://gun.deals/category/gun-parts?caliber=1586.
    - 21. Furthermore, the term "ghost" is used by various other companies manufacturing and selling kits, accessories, and parts related to firearms. See, e.g., Ghost Rifles, https://www.ghostrifles.com/; and Ghost Guns,

1	https://www.ghostguns.com/.				
2	22.	Plain	tiff is informed and believes that there have been no incidents of		
3	actual confusion between Plaintiff's and Defendant's marks.				
4	23.	Plain	tiff is informed and believe that customers in the firearms industry		
5	exercise a great deal of brand-specific discernment when purchasing firearms and				
6	accessories.				
7	24.	Plain	tiff Grey Ghost also has a well-known name in the U.S.		
8	Department of Defense Community and is a registered DOD contractor providing				
9	its weapons systems to various specialized units within the DOD and several other				
10	Governmental Agencies.				
11	25.	Desp	oite the common use of the term "ghost" in firearms-related		
12	parlance, on or about August 4, 2017, Defendant filed a Petition for Cancellation				
13	with the USPTO, seeking to cancel Plaintiff's mark GREY GHOST PRECISION,				
14	Registration No. 4703186.				
15	26.	On o	r about August 10, 2017, Plaintiff received a notice of Cancellation		
16	No. 92066636 from the USPTO.				
17	27.	Defe	endants' Petition for Cancellation cites the following marks as Basis		
18	for Cance	llation	:		
19		a.	GHOST INC. Reg. No. 3605662. Registered in class 13 for		
20			"Holsters" and class 35 for "On-line retail store services featuring		
21			firearms accessories; Wholesale distributorships featuring firearms		
22			accessories". Purported date of first use December 15, 1999		
23		b.	GHOST. Reg. No. 4601615. Registered in class 13 for		
24			"Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1,		
25			2000.		
26		c.	GHOST LIFE. Reg. No. 4601616. Registered in class 13 for		
27			"Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1,		
28			2010.		

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- d. GHOST ULTIMATE. Reg. No. 4609087. Registered in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use March 12, 2002.
- e. GHOST WING. Reg. No. 4890327. Registered in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use October 5, 2015.
- f. GHOST RIDER. Reg. No. 4601617. Registered in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1, 2013.
- g. GHOST ROCKET. Reg. No. 4428314. Registered in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use August 1, 2000.
- h. GHOST MAKER. Reg. No. 4189237. Registered in class 13 for "Firearm sights; Gun parts". Purported date of first use August 1, 2010.
- i. GHOST INC & DESIGN. Ser. No. 87386390. Pending application in class 13 for "Component parts for guns; Holsters". Purported date of first use January 1, 2017.
- GHOST BULLET. Ser. No. 86922657. Pending application in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use February 1, 2015.
- k. GHOST EVO ELITE. Ser. No. 86604004. Pending application in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1, 2012.
- 28. Plaintiff received no notice or correspondence from Defendants prior to the filing of the Petition for Cancellation.
- 29. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant's earliest registered mark, Registration No. 3605662, dated April 14, 2009, was not used commercially

as represented by Defendants in 1999, but rather, much more recently. 30. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant misrepresented the "first use" dates in multiple applications to the USPTO. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant has abandoned 31. multiple marks it has registered with the USPTO FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Declaration that there is no likelihood of confusion that would preclude Plaintiff's Registration and that Plaintiff has not infringed Defendant's marks.) Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth 32. above. This is a declaratory judgment action under the Trademark Laws of the 33. United States, 15 USC § 1051 et seq., the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. §1125, et seq. and the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202. Plaintiff and Defendant have significant and immediate adverse legal interests. Defendant has filed a cancellation action with the USPTO seeking to cancel Plaintiff's mark GREY GHOST PRECISION. There is an actual, substantial, and continuing justiciable controversy between Plaintiff and Defendant regarding whether Plaintiff's mark GREY GHOST PRECISION violates any of Defendant's allegedly valid marks. As set forth in detail above, there is no likelihood of confusion between Plaintiff's and Defendant's marks and Plaintiff is not infringing any of Defendant's marks. Plaintiff is entitled to declaratory judgment that there is no likelihood of 35. confusion between Plaintiff's use of the mark GREY GHOST PRECISION and Defendant's marks that would preclude Plaintiff's registration of the mark GREY GHOST PRECISION.

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36. Plaintiff is further entitled to declaratory judgment that it is not infringing, has not infringed, and is not liable for infringing any allegedly enforceable trademark rights owned by Defendant relating to Plaintiff's use of the mark GREY GHOST PRECISION, either directly or by inducing others to infringe or by contributing to infringement by others.

# SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (Declaration of Noninfringement due to Abandonment)

- 37. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth above.
- 38. The mark GHOST has become generic in the firearms industry. As such, the following alleged trademarks have been abandoned:
  - a. GHOST INC. Reg. No. 3605662. Registered in class 13 for "Holsters" and class 35 for "On-line retail store services featuring firearms accessories; Wholesale distributorships featuring firearms accessories". Purported date of first use December 15, 1999.
  - GHOST. Reg. No. 4601615. Registered in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1, 2000.
- 39. In connection with the following alleged trademarks that Defendant claims require cancellation of Plaintiff's trademark registration, Defendant has not used the marks for three consecutive years:
  - a. GHOST WING. Reg. No. 4890327. Registered in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use October 5, 2015.
  - GHOST RIDER. Reg. No. 4601617. Registered in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1, 2013.
  - c. GHOST ROCKET. Reg. No. 4428314. Registered in class 13 for

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Defendant filed eleven applications for Trademark registration with

### the USPTO: 1 GHOST INC. Reg. No. 3605662. Registered in class 13 for 2 "Holsters" and class 35 for "On-line retail store services featuring 3 firearms accessories; Wholesale distributorships featuring firearms 4 accessories". Purported date of first use December 15, 1999. 5 b. GHOST. Reg. No. 4601615. Registered in class 13 for 6 "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1, 7 2000. 8 GHOST LIFE. Reg. No. 4601616. Registered in class 13 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1, 10 11 2010. d. GHOST ULTIMATE. Reg. No. 4609087. Registered in class 13 12 for "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use March 13 12, 2002. 14 GHOST WING. Reg. No. 4890327. Registered in class 13 for 15 "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use October 16 5, 2015. 17 GHOST RIDER. Reg. No. 4601617. Registered in class 13 for 18 "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use January 1, 19 2013. 20 GHOST ROCKET. Reg. No. 4428314. Registered in class 13 for 21 "Component parts for guns". Purported date of first use August 1, 22 2000. 23 GHOST MAKER. Reg. No. 4189237. Registered in class 13 for 24 "Firearm sights; Gun parts". Purported date of first use August 1, 25 2010. 26 GHOST INC & DESIGN. Ser. No. 87386390. Pending application 27

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in class 13 for "Component parts for guns; Holsters". Purported

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Defendant relating to Plaintiff's use of the mark GREY GHOST PRECISION,

because the alleged trademarks have been abandoned by nonuse and/or the marks

1	becoming generic.					
2	4.	An order declaring that Defendant's alleged trademarks lack the				
3	requisite l	requisite legal requirements to be protectable on the Principal Register and to be				
4	enforceab	enforceable.				
5	5.	An order declaring that Defendant's marks are invalid for fraud on the				
6	USPTO.					
7	6.	For an award of attorney's fees and other costs of suit as provided by				
8	statute, contract or equity.					
9	7.	For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable.				
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11	Respectfully submitted September 14, 2017.					
12						
13	Newman Du Wors LLP					
14	$\left(\begin{array}{cccc} A & A & A & A \\ A & A & A \end{array}\right)$					
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19	Attorneys for Plaintiffs					
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